Model Question paper Cell Biology(B) 3

11th Standard

	Biology	Reg.No.:		
I. Answer all the questions.				
	II. Use blue pen only.			
HIM	ne : 01:30:00 Hrs Part - A	1012	10 x 1 = 10	
1)	The process of changing the form in order to carry out a specialized function is called		10 x 1 - 10	
-,	(a) differentiation (b) growth (c) cell division (d) cell elongation			
2)	Phagocytosis is also known as			
-,	(a) cell eating (b) cell death (c) cell drinking (d) cell lysis			
3)	The spaces inside the folds of ER membrane are known as			
-,	(a) thylakoids (b) cisternae (c) mesosomes (d) periplasmic space			
4)	These are colour plastids			
.,	(a) Chromoplasts (b) Cholroplasts (c) Elaioplasts (d) Leucoplasts			
5)	0			
٥,	One Angstrom(\hat{A}) is equal to			
	(a) 10^{-5} m (b) 10^{-7} m (c) 10^{-8} m (d) 10^{-10} m			
6)	'The plasma membrane is made of fatty substance' was suggested first by			
	(a) Overton (b) Danielli (c) Robertson (d) Singer and Nicholson			
7)	The number of mitochondria in the oocyte of amphibian is about			
	(a) 140,0000 (b) 300,000 (c) 500-1600 (d) 120			
8)	Total number of chromosomes in the somatic cell of Drosophila is			
	(a) 32 (b) 12 (c) 8 (d) 48			
9)	Which of the following is not the characteristic of cancer?			
	(a) Uncontrolled growth o cells (b) Cancer cells are less adhesive (c) Distinct nucleolus (d) Small sized nucleus			
10)	The addition of wall materials within the existing one is called			
	Which of the following is not the characteristic of cancer? (a) Uncontrolled growth o cells (b) Cancer cells are less adhesive (c) Distinct nucleolus (d) Small sized nucleus The addition of wall materials within the existing one is called (a) accretion (b) intussusception (c) apposition (d) deposition Part - B What are micellae? What are the uses of plasmid? Define Diffusion / Osmosis.			
	Part - B		10 x 2 = 20	
	What are micellae?			
	What are the uses of plasmid?			
	Define Diffusion / Osmosis.			
	Distinguish uniport transport method from passive diffusion>			
	What are gram negative and Gram positive bacteria? What is mean by magnification?			
	Why do you call mitochondria as 'power houses' of the cell?			
	What Retino blastoma? How is it cause?			
	What are the different types of cancer according to the type of tissue affected?			
	Distinguish the ribosomes of prokaryotic cells from that of eukaryotic cells			
-,	Part - C		5 x 3 = 15	
21)	What is Plasmodesmata?Explain.			
22)	Discuss the function of cell wall.			
23)	Draw a plant cell and label its parts.			
24)	Describe Uniporter catalyzed transport.			
25)	Write notes on: significance of mitosis/ significance of meiosis			
	Part - D		2 x 5 = 10	
26)	Describe Mitosis. Add a note on its significance			
27)	Describe the structure of chromosome			
