Model Question paper Plant Morphology(B) 2

11th Standard

	Biology	Reg.No.:			
	. Answer all the questions.				
	I. Use blue pen only.				
Tin	ne: 01:30:00 Hrs		Total	Marks:55	
			1	10 x 1 = 10	
1)	Timerous flowers are common among				
	(a) Dicots (b) Xerophytes (c) Monocots (d) Gymnosperms				
2)	When anthers have two chambers, they are described as				
	(a) Dioecious (b) Dithecous (c) Diadelphous (d) Dimorphic				
3)	Seeds are produced from the				
	(a) ovary (b) carples (c) ovules (d) locules				
4)	Which is the edible portion in berry?				
	(a) Epicarp (b) Endocarp (c) Mesocarp (d) All the above				
5)	The type of fruit seen in Jack is				
	(a) Multiple fruit (b) Syconium (c) Sorosis (d) Aggregate				
6)	The sepals are transformed into large, yellow or white leafy structure in				
	(a) Hibiscus (b) Mussaenda frondosa (c) Tridax (d) Clitoria				
7)	In physalis, the calyx is of this type				
	(a) Accrescent (b) presistent (c) Deciduous (d) Caducous				
8)	Papilionaceous Corolla is seen in				
	(a) Habenaria (b) Pea (c) Radish (d) Wildrose				
9)	In physalis, the calyx is of this type				
	(a) Actinomorphic (b) Zygomorphic (c) Polygamous (d) Perianth				
10)	A type of simple fleshy fruit is				
	(a) Drupe (b) Legume (c) Caryopsis (d) Sorosis				
	Part - A			10 x 2 = 20	
11)	What is a bisexual flower?				
12)	What is meant by monadelphous stamens?				
13)	What are the three groups of fruits?				
14)	What are the two processes necessary for the development of fruits?				
15)	What is a legume?Give an example.				
16)	What is pomology?				
17)	What is Berry?Give one example.				
18)	What are dry fruits?mention their types.				
19)	Give an example for each of the following.				
	(a) Berry, (b) Drupe, (c) Legume (d) caryopsis				
20)	What is endosperm?				
	Part - B			5 x 3 = 15	
21)	Describe the pitcher plant.				
22)	Explain hypogynous and epigynous flowers with examples.				
	Describe the aggregate fruit with a suitable example.				
	Bring out the essential difference in two structure of a dicot and monocot seed by means of labelled diagram only.				
25)	How the symmetry of a flower is determined? Briefly describe the different types of symmetry seen in flower.				
	Part - C			2 x 5 = 10	
	Explain different types of fleshy fruits with suitable examples.				
27)	Give outline classification of fruits.				
