Model Question Paper

Financial Statement Analysis - ratio analysis - Part II

12th Standard

					Accountancy	Reg.No.:			T		_
-	.Answer all the questi	ons.					_				
-	I.Use Blue pen only.										
Tin	ne : 01:30:00 Hrs							Tot	tal M		
			Section	n-A						5 x :	1 = 5
	Liquid ratio is used to assess										
	Liquid assets means current										
3)	ratio is modified for	m of liquid	d ratio								
4)	Liquid liabilities means curre	ent liabiliti	es less								
5)	Proprietory ratio shows the r	relationshi	p between and t	otal tangible a	assets.						
			Section	n-B					7	7 x 4	= 28
6)	What is account payable?										
7)	Explain solvency ratios.										
8)	What are current assets?										
9)	Write notes on net profit ratio	0.									
10)) From the following, calculate the current ratio.										
	Cash in hand Rs. 2,0	00,000									
	Sundry debtors Rs. 8	0,000									
	Stock Rs 1,2	-									
	Sundry creditors Rs. 1,5										
	Bills payable Rs. 5	0,000									
\	\		Sectio	n-C	OUESTION AB365.in				1:	x 12	= 12
11)											
	Equity share capital I	Rs. 2,00,0	000								
	General Reserve	Rs. 1,50,0	000		7 20						
	Long term loan F	Rs. 50,0	000		(0, 10,						
	Debentures F	Rs. 1,00,0	000		CT NO.						
	b) From the following, Cal	lculate Gro	oss Profit Ratio		Es Ma						
	Gross profit Rs.	50,000									
	Sales Rs.	5,50,000									
	Sales returns Rs.	50,000									
		,	Section	n-D					2	x 20	= 40
12)	Calculate Current Ratio, Liqu	ıid ratio, A			nd Creditors turnover ratio from the following Balance S	Sheet					
•	Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.	3						
	Equity Share Capital		Land & Buildings	20,000							
	Preference share capital		Plant & Machinery	22,000							
	General Reserve	25,000	Furniture & Fixtures	3,000							
	Debentures	35,000	Stock	47,000							
	Bills payable	3,000	Bills receivable	10,000							
	Bank overdraft	3,000	Debtors	23,000							

Addition information:

Outstanding expenses

Creditors

Credit Sales Rs. 1,65,000 Credit purchases Rs. 44,000

1,50,000

8,000 Short term investments

6,000 Prepaid expenses

Cash

5,000

1,000

19,000

1,50,000

13) The following is the summarised Trading and Profit and Loss A/c, for the year ending 31.3.2005 and the Balance Sheet as at that date: Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31.3.2005

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.	
To Opening stock	10,000	By Sales	1,00,000	
To Purchases	50,000	By Closing stock	15,000	
To Direct expenses	5,000			
To Gross profit c/d	50,000			
	1,15,000		1,15,000	
To Administrative expenses	15,000	By Gross profit b/d	50,000	
To Interest	3,000			
To Selling expenses	12,000			
To Net Profit	20,000			
	50,000		50,000	

Balance Sheet as on 31.3.2005

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.	
Capital	1,00,000	Land and Building	50,000	
Current Liabilities	40,000	Plant and Machinery	30,000	
Profit and Loss A/C	20,000 Furniture		20,000	
		Stock	15,000	
		Sundry debtors	15,000	
		Bills receivable	12,500	
		Cash in hand & at bank	17,500	
	1,60,000		1,60,000	

From the above, calculate: (i) Gross Profit Ratio, (ii) Current Ratio, (iii) Acid Test Ratio, (iv) Stock Turnover Ratio, (v) Fixed Assets Turnover Ratio.

